



SC1-PM-17-2017 -Personalised computer models and in-silico systems for well-being





Project full title:

Advanced personalised, multi-scale computer models preventing OsteoArthritis

Project Overview

Prof. Kyriacos Felekkis- University of Nicosia



Osteoarthritis (OA)

- Degenerative disease of the joints and the most common form of arthritis that causes pain and mobility limitations.
- Complex disease- biochemical and biomechanical factors are involved.
- Most important cause of disability in elderly population- up 30% of people>65
- Knee is the most commonly affected joint.



Osteoarthritis (OA)

- Various risk factors are known: age, gender, hormonal status, BMI, family history, occupation, physical activity, past history of knee injury joint operation and depression.
- OA is not easy to *define, predict or treat*. Progression is poorly understood and that has resulted in a lack of prevention and treatment interventions.

What we set out to do



Perform a holistic multiscale analysis by using a combination of mechanistic computational models, simulations and machine learnings in Osteoarthritis (OA)

Integrate patients specific: *Biomarkers Environmental factors*

Behavioral and Social Risk Factors

OActive

Augmented Reality (AR)
personalized interventions

will be developed allowing patients to experience more enjoyable treatment

Technology Validation:

In vitro system Human populations Large data registries ... to generate **robust predict**ors for new **personalised interventions** for better diagnosis, delaying onset and/or slowing down progression of knee OA

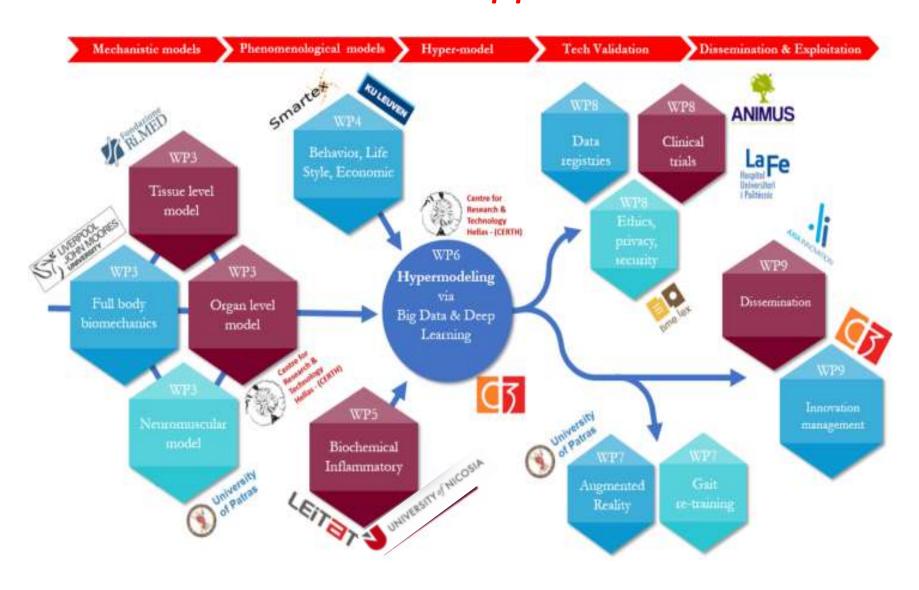
Who we are





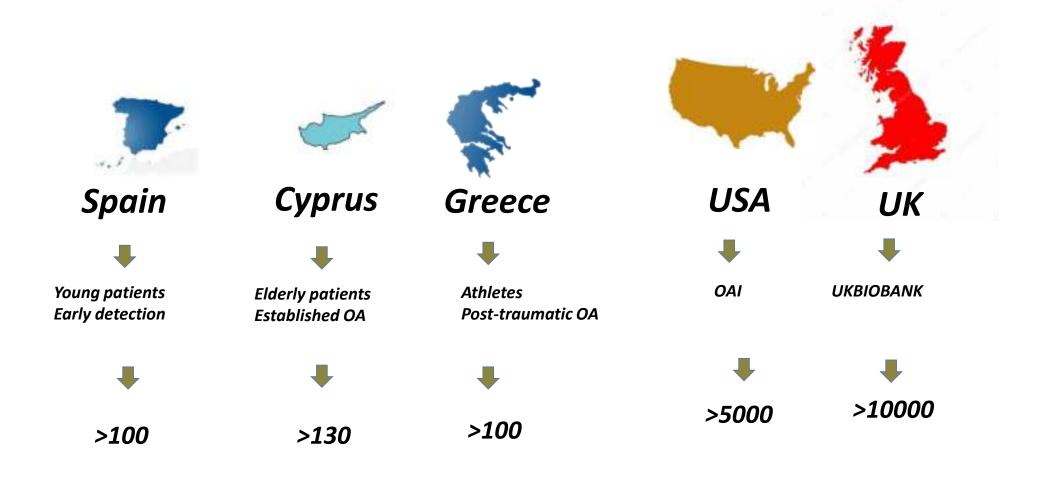
OACTIVE Approach





Input data: Three Cohorts and Biobank Databases





Input data: Biomarkers and Social Determinants







Biomarkers of Bone and Cartilage

Degradation

- Serum COMP
- Serum HA
- Serum CPII

Inflammatory Biomarkers:

- IL-1β
- TNF-α
- IL-6

Novel Biomarkers:

- miRNAs in urine and blood
- Metagenomic analysis of microbiome

Social Determinants

- Socioeconomic factors
- **Environmental factors**
- Life Style
- Occupation
- Physical Activity
- etc



Input in the Hypermodel





Input data: Mechanistic Models

Patient Data Collection

2. Musle-tendon path 3. 3D FE Mesh

1. MRI Images 2. EMG Rigid Body Model GRF Track kinematics and GRFs 4. 2-D X-ray fluoroscopy X-ray Kinematics Solve for muscle forces using Motion Capture optimization methods X-ray Validate activation against Motion Capture Input into the Hypermodel Pose Estimation Muscle Forces MRI Align 3D model to 2D X-ray **GRFs** X-ray Kinematics Solve for X-ray Kinematics Finite Element Model 1. Solve Dynamics explicit FEs Input muscle forces, GRFs 3D Mesh X-ray Pose Solve for deformable FE Patient Specific Geometry model kinematics 3D Mesh Solve for contact pressure 1. Segment bones and cartilage

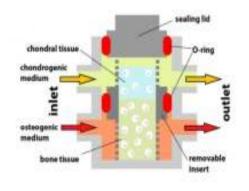
Modeling

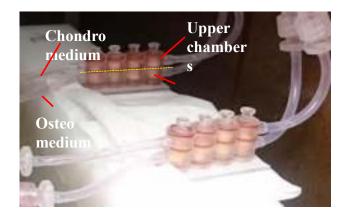
Biomechanics: Gait-analysis and Imaging data

EMG, GRFs



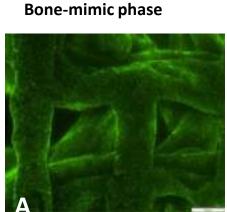
Tissue Level Modeling





Development of in vitro induced
OA models
Cultured under continuous flow in a bioreactor



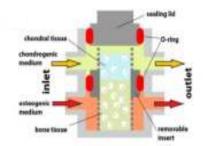




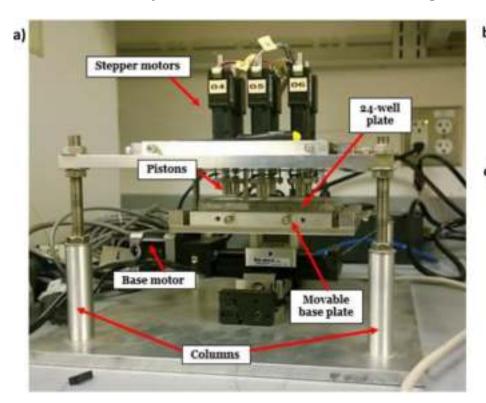
Validate biomechanic data and feed the results to the model

Tissue Level Modeling





Development of a mechanical actuator fitting 24 wells multiwell plate



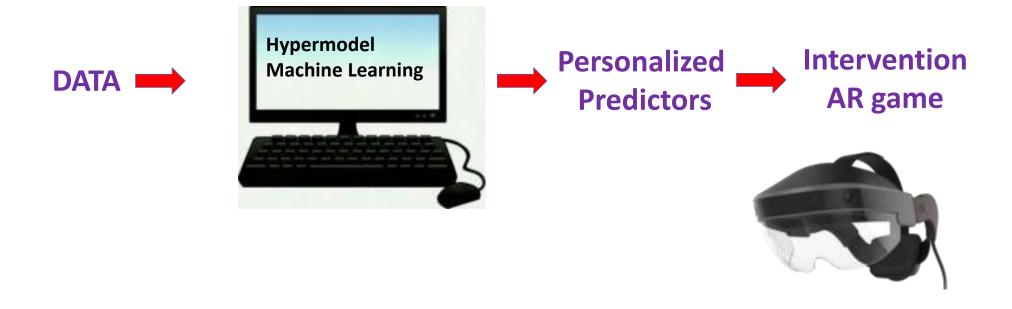




OActive Workshop on "Personalised Predictive Models" March 26th 2021, Online

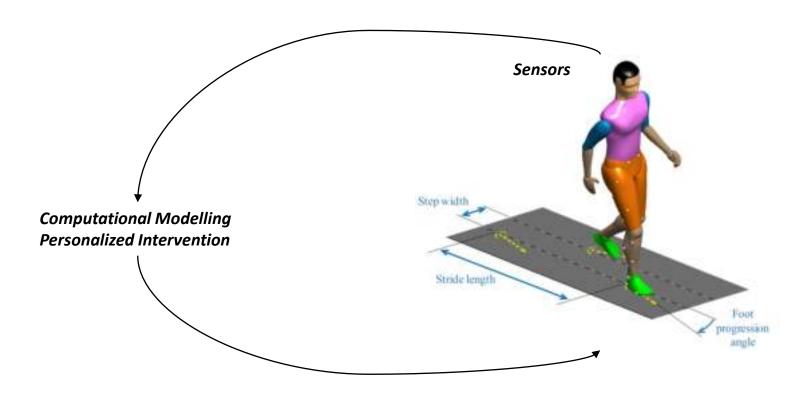
Development of the Hypermodel





Augmented Reality (AR) Game Personalized Interventions





AR personalized game for gait re-training in real time







Thank You



Questions

Project full title:

Advanced personalised, multi-scale computer models preventing OsteoArthritis



OACTIVE WORKSHOP PERSONALISED PREDICTIVE MODELS

Exploitation strategy of the OActive project Ioanna Barouni, Innovation Manager, CETRI, Cyprus



Exploitation Strategy in Horizon 2020



 Results: Any tangible or intangible output of the action, such as data, knowledge and information whatever their form or nature, whether or not they can be protected.

- Exploitation: The utilization of results in further research activities other than those covered by the action concerned, or in developing, creating and marketing a product or process, or in creating and providing a service, or in standardization activities.
- Can be commercial, societal, political, or for improving public knowledge and action, it also include recommendations for policy making
- Exploitation routes: Spin-off/Start-up, Product, Service, Contribution to Standards, Patent, PhD thesis, Societal activity, Open licenses, Further research, New projects, Policy change, Expanded networks, etc.



OActive – Exploitation Strategy



The OActive exploitation strategy is split into two paths:

- The first path seeks to define a longer-term vision for the <u>OActive Integrated System</u> which partners can shape as they see fit (<u>joint exploitation</u>).
- The second path seeks to enable each partner to take their <u>project exploitable results</u> and exploit them for their own ends (<u>individual exploitation</u>).

Joint Exploitation – OActive Integrated System

- Market analysis
- Market positioning
- PESTEL analysis
- SWOT analysis
- Porter's 5 forces analysis
- Business model canvas
- End-Users & Industrial stakeholder feedback
- Future funding Sources

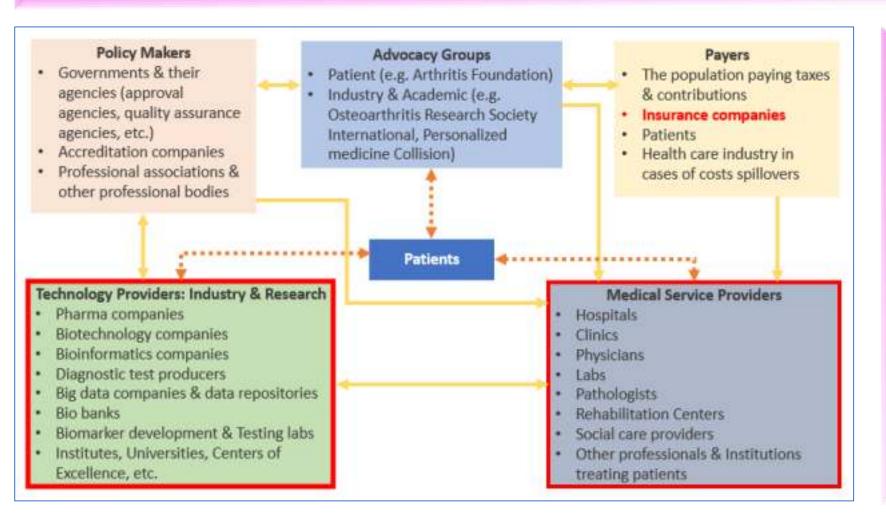
Individual Exploitation

- Identification of all individual exploitable results (Key exploitable results)
- Classification into short/medium term & long-term exploitable results
- Identification of the preferred protection & exploitation routes (commercial & non-commercial exploitation)
- Technology watch
- Market analysis, Competition analysis, Porter's Five Forces analysis, SWOT analysis, Business model canvas (for short-term exploitation only)
- End-Users & Industrial stakeholder feedback (where applicable)
- Future funding Sources

Joint Exploitation – OActive Integrated System – Market analysis



- **Personalized Medicine Market**: estimated at USD 1.57 trillion in 2018 and is anticipated to expand at a CAGR of 10.6% up to 2025.
- Commercial solutions: Artificial Intelligence supported solutions in the field of musculoskeletal (MSK) radiology & Arthrotest®



Target markets:

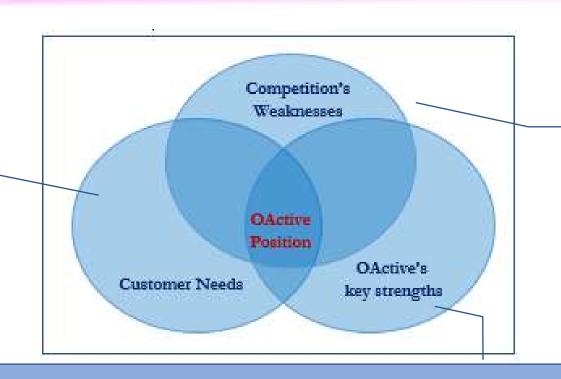
- ✓ Medical Service providers: hospitals and clinics, physicians, labs, pathologists, social care providers, etc.
- ✓ Technology providers: pharma companies, biotechnology companies, bioinformatics, big data companies and data repositories, diagnostic test producers, bio banks, biomarker development and testing labs, institutes, universities, centres of excellence, etc.

Joint Exploitation – OActive Integrated System – Market positioning OActive



OActive's Market Position lies at the intersection of the Competition's weaknesses, the Customer needs and OActive's key strengths.

Complex musculoskeletal disorder with impact on patients and the society, including its impact on health care systems, patients' caregivers and their employers



- Criticism with respect to efficacy and safety, especially on a longterm use
- Palliative and reactive, rather than coordinated, proactive and preventive actions

- Shifting the emphasis in OA treatment from reaction to prevention
- Directing targeted therapy and reducing trial-and-error prescribing and adverse drug reactions
- Increasing patient adherence to treatment
- Reducing high-risk invasive testing procedures and surgeries
- Helping to control the overall cost of OA treatment for the society and the patients

Joint Exploitation − OActive Integrated System − PESTEL analysis OActive





Individual Exploitation – IP Registry



An IP Registry was created to document all Key Exploitable Results and define the following (per result):

- A meaningful title
- A comprehensive short Description
- The relation to the work structure: Work Package, Task, Deliverable
- The Background IP -if any-, meaning the pre-existing IP, know-how, knowledge or any additional data that is needed for carrying out the project
- The names of the partner(s)/beneficiaries with whom they will be developing the Result
- The shares of ownership per partner/beneficiary & the nature of work per partner/beneficiary
- The Technology Readiness Level (TRL) & Short/medium term OR Long-term Exploitation
- The preferred IP protection route
- Exploitation as a component of the OActive Integrated System via a Joint Venture or Collaborative Agreement (YES/NO)
- Individual Commercial Exploitation: Stand alone PRODUCT/SERVICE and/or PRODUCT/SERVICE formed in combination with other Results in the area of OA management and beyond (YES/NO, other Result(s), Product(s))
- Individual non-Commercial Exploitation: Further scientific research in OA and beyond

Individual Exploitation – products, services & non-commercial exploitation



OActive products, services & non-commercially exploitable results:

- <u>Novel AR supported gait retraining for other (joint) diseases</u>, such as: Stroke, Traumatic brain injury (TBI), Spinal cord injury (SCI), Cerebral palsy, Multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease, Endoprosthesis (e.g. joint replacements), Degenerative joint diseases of the lower limbs (e.g. knee osteoarthritis), Spinal muscular atrophy, Muscle weakness due to lack of mobility, Cardiac conditions if permitted by treating physician, Amputees
- <u>Portable devices for gait analysis</u> as a standalone product to be used in clinical studies but also in other markets
- <u>New diagnostic tools (biosensors)</u> for other bone and cartilage diseases accruing from the knowledge generated on the relation of exosomal & microbiome biomarkers with OA development and progression and on the knowledge generated on the relation of inflammation biomarkers with OA development and progression investigated within OActive.
- <u>Expanded portfolio with new services</u> for Rehabilitation Centers and Hospitals
- <u>Publications</u> on biochemical biomarkers in established OA patients & Publications and follow-up work via Phd theses on microbiota studies
- Agreed collaborations among partners to jointly participate in research projects on chronic diseases
- <u>Further research</u> into the causes of the disease, and the subsequent design and testing of <u>potential therapeutics</u>
- <u>Further research on OA</u> in other parts of the body/joints & <u>on other inflammatory diseases</u>
- New knowledge on the regulatory and ethical challenges in relation to cross border scientific processing of health care data.
- New knowledge on computational modelling, data mining, knowledge discovery and pattern recognition

OActive

Advanced personalised, multi-scale computer models preventing OsteoArthritis

SC1-PM-17-2017 - Personalised computer models and in-silico systems for well-being

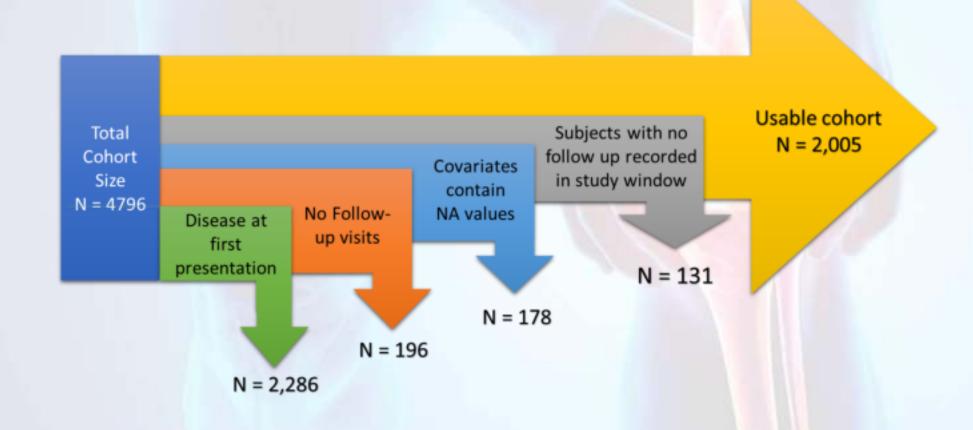


Thank you!





OAI: OsteoArthritis Initiative Cohort for model development & optimisation

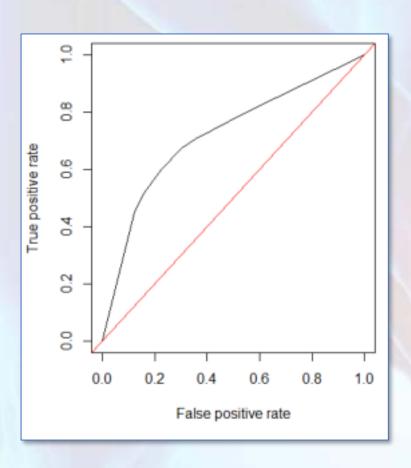


Knowledge discovery

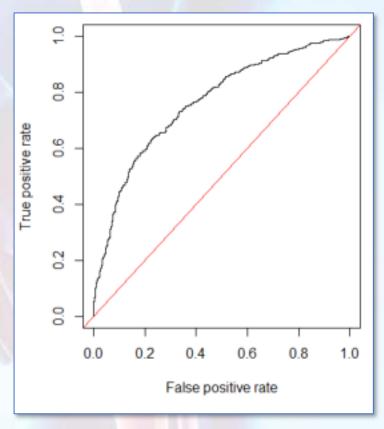


Factors association with KL > 1 at baseline

Data from the OAI





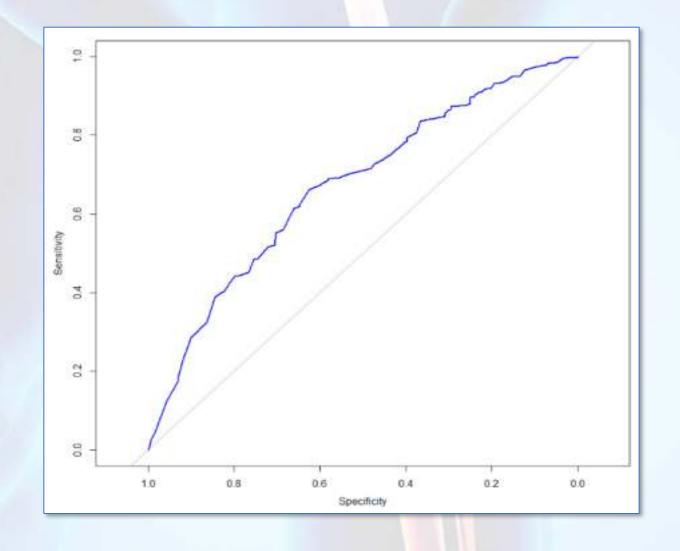


Logistic Regression: AUC = 0.763

Multicenter Osteoarthritis Study (MOST) (n=1175)



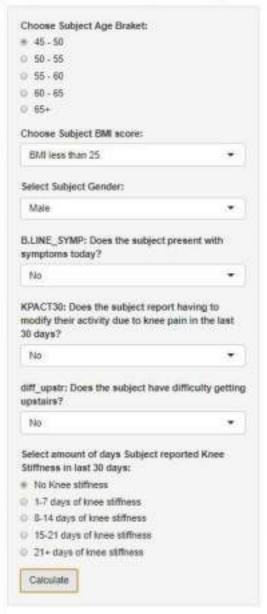
Measure	Value
Accuracy	0.6859
Sensitivity	0.9052
Specificity	0.2353
PPV	0.5421
NPV	0.7128
AUROC [CI]	0.6697 [0.631, 0.708]

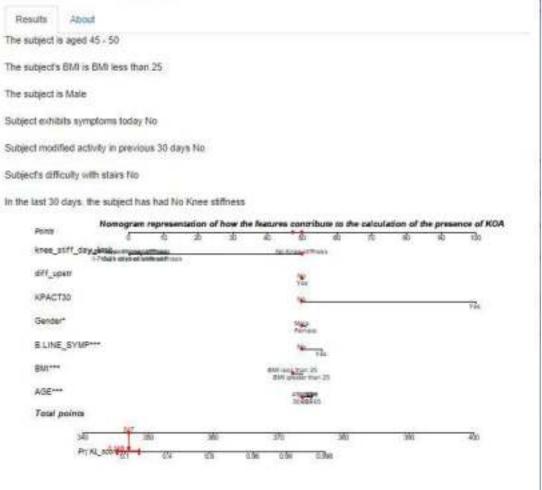


Web App



Knee Osteoarthritis Diagnosis at First Presentation





Based on these features, the probability of having KOA is 11.6%. The prediction is that the subject does not have knee osteoarthritis. To have KOA the probability threshold is 50%.

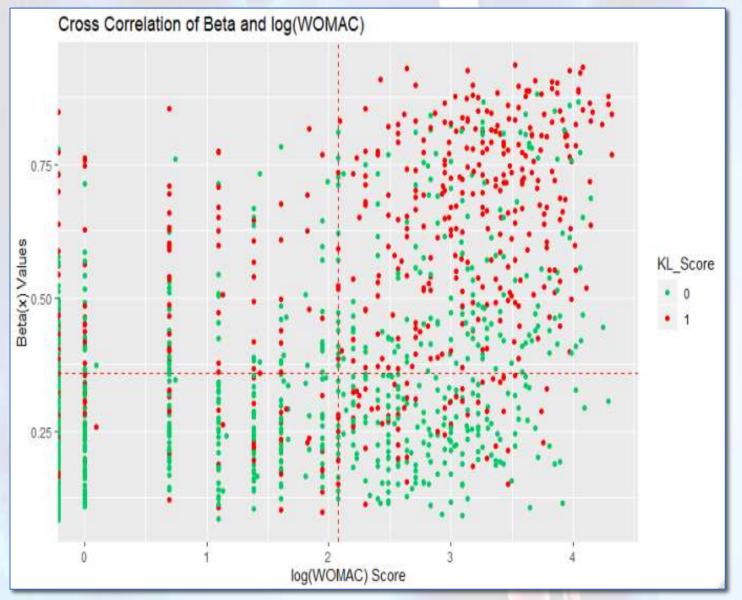


Knowledge discovery: Pain

OActive

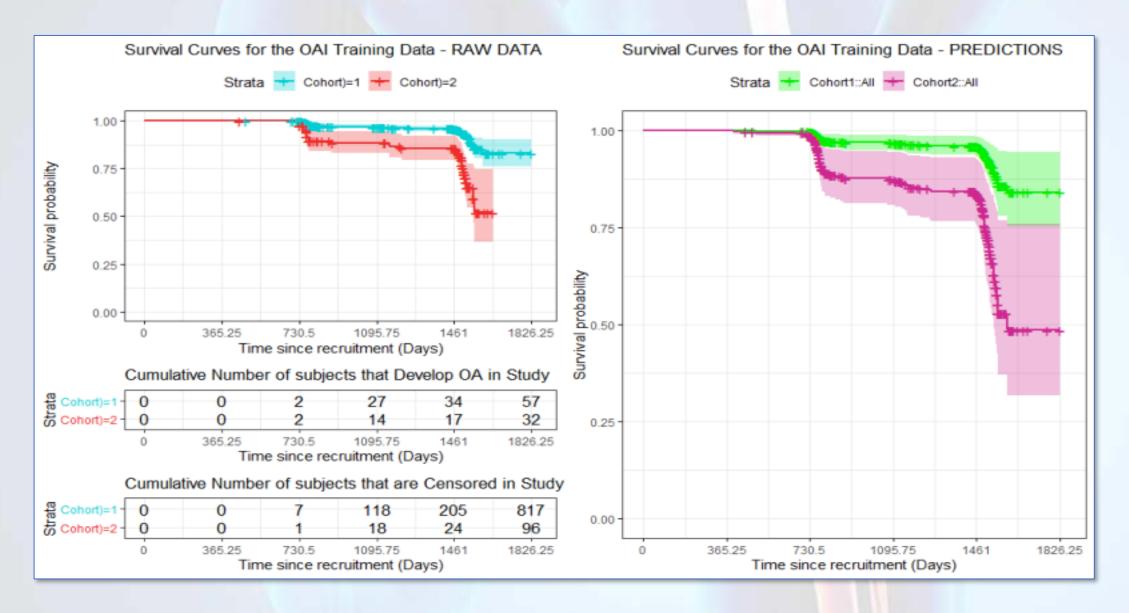
KL vs. WOMAC

Data from the OAI



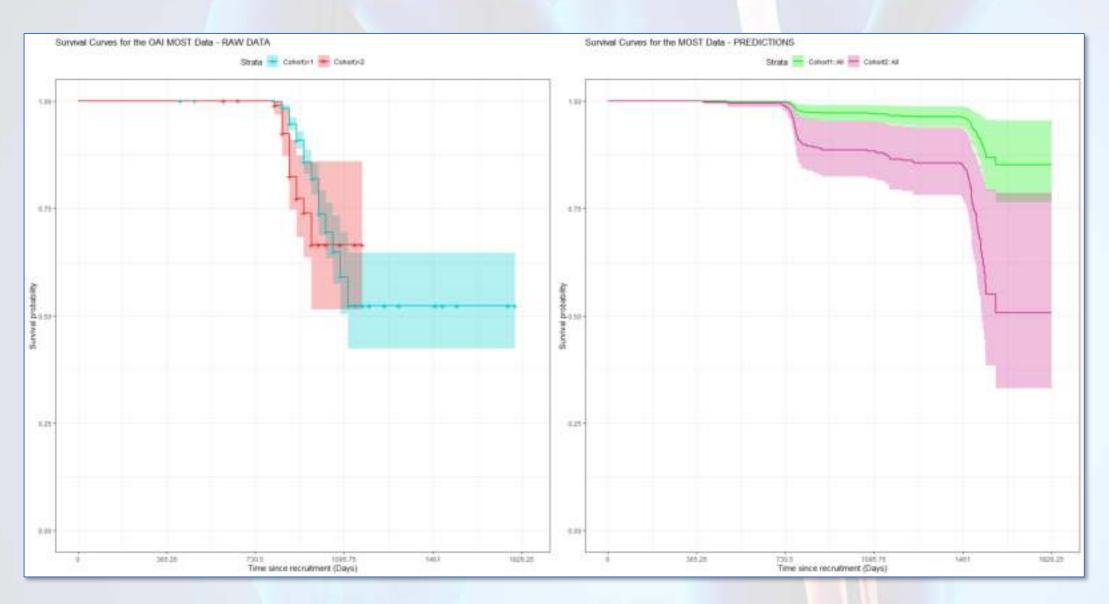
Longitudinal modelling. $KL \{0,1\} \rightarrow KL \{2+\}$





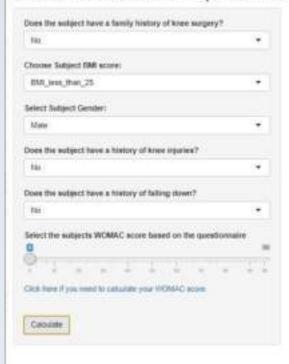
Multicenter Osteoarthritis Study (MOST) (n=1175)



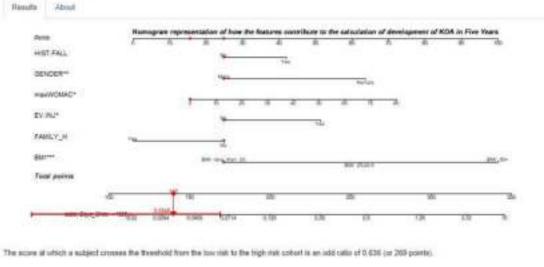


Web App





PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON OF THE PE



Subject has a family hratory of knee surgery. No

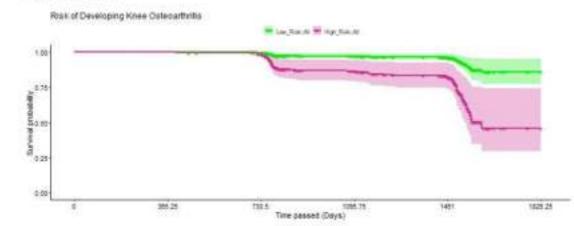
The autorchy Bild in Bild Jesu Bian, 25

The subject is blave

Subject has has previous knee injuries. No

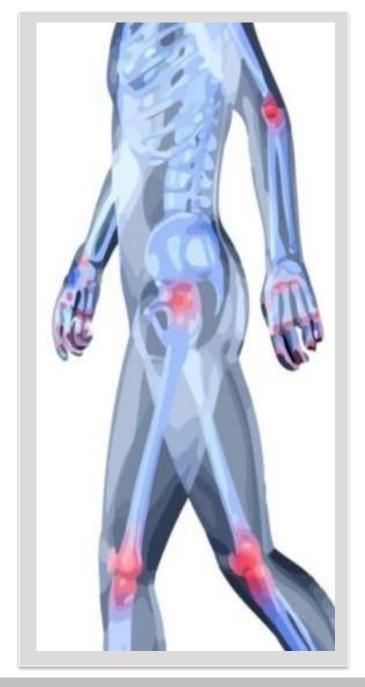
Subject has a history of falling down. No

Subjects WOMAC score is 0.



The prediction is that the subject is at low risk of developing knee osteoarthritis in the next five years, based on these features.







SC1-PM-17-2017 Personalised computer
models and in-silico
systems for well-being





Project full title:

Advanced personalised, multi-scale computer models preventing
OsteoArthritis

WP7 - Personalised interventions through augmented reality

University of Patras (UPAT)

Konstantinos Moustakas (moustakas@ece.upatras.gr)

Georgios Giarmatzis (ggiarmatzis@ece.upatras.gr)



Overview

- Background on gait retraining
- Augmented Reality (AR) Oactive Gait retraining system
 - Hardware configurations
 - Software front-ends



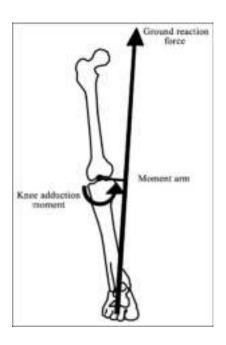
Background

- Knee OA onset/progression related to mechanical forces
- Cartilage degeneration due to mechanical loading
- Suitable ways to reverse knee OA (pharmacological, surgical, etc)
- Reduction of knee medial torque
- Braces
- Gait retraining





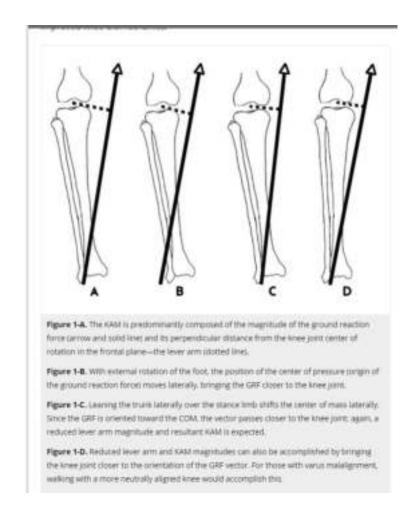






How can I reduce knee loading?

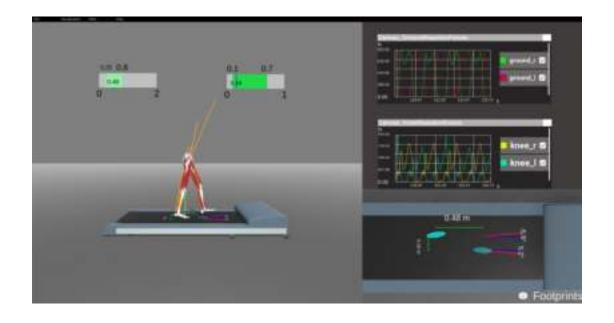
- Increase walking base (keep legs apart)
- Toe-off (toes outwards)
- Lean torso sideways
- Uncomfortable not sustainable
- What is the optimal way?
 - Maybe a combination?





Gait retraining

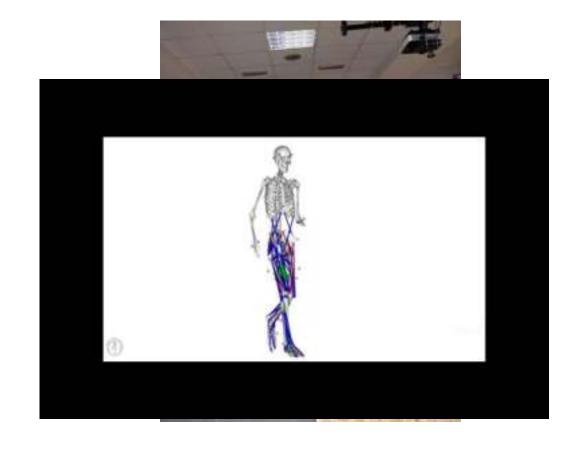
- Can we make a change in walking strategy maintainable?
- Guidance and feedback
- Real time
- Clinician supervision
- Attractive
- Game-like





Gait retraining – OActive Approach

- Calculation of knee forces
 - Real time
 - Motion capture equipment
 - Markers-based
 - IMU-based
 - Modeling of the musculoskeletal system
 - Fitting a virtual model to each patient
 - Calculation of joint angles joint torques
 - Calculation of muscle forces
 - Calculation of joint forces





Hardware, software and design decisions

Musculoskeletal performance analysis

- Indoor solution: Marker-based motion capture
- Outdoor solution: IMUs and foot pressure sensors
- OpenSim: open source, high accuracy, modeling and simulation capabilities, publicly available code and models and expertise

Augmented reality

- Unity engine: open source, multiplatform target and multiple device rendering
- Meta 2 AR glasses, Microsoft HoloLens 2







Oactive Gait Retraining System

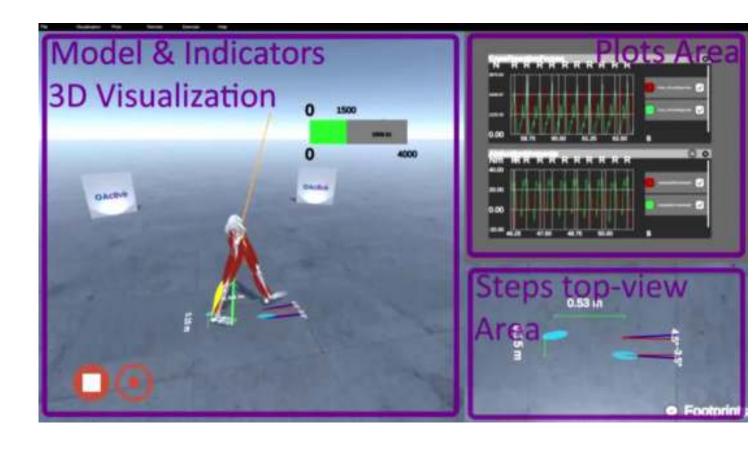


Work completed

- ✓ Clinician front-end
- ✓ Patient front-end
- ✓ Multiple visualization options
- ✓ Real time

Work in progress

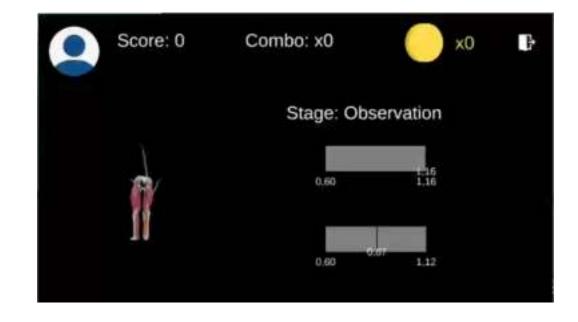
 Vibrotactile feedback using wearable vest or belt



Games development



- ✓ Patient front-end
- ✓ State-of-the-art gamification approaches in clinical settings
- ✓ Game platforms and elements
- ✓ Investigation of game elements that enhance patient motivation and engagement
- ✓ Integration with the gait retraining module
- ✓ Primitive visualization cues
- ✓ Exercise-agnostic gamification elements, based on metrics set by the clinician



Use case – single leg hop

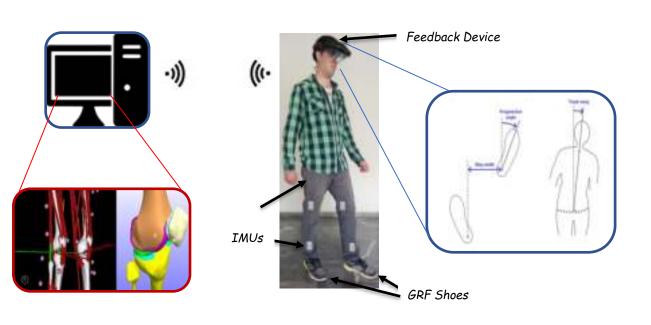


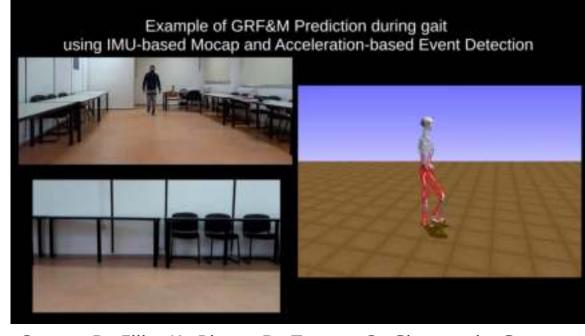
- Lack of treadmill
- Hopping exercise
- Selected metric: jump height



Mobile solution - IMUs







Stanev, D.; Filip, K.; Bitzas, D.; Zouras, S.; Giarmatzis, G.; Tsaopoulos, D.; Moustakas, K. *Real-Time Musculoskeletal Kinematics and Dynamics Analysis Using Marker- and IMU-Based Solutions in Rehabilitation.* Sensors 2021, 21, 1804.

Finalist in the category "Tech of Society" for the Innovation Radar Prize 2019



Related work

- Automated segmentation of knee MRI
- Subject-specific modeling
- Simulation and analysis of the knee mechanics in real time
- Loading of soft tissues during motion
- Informed gait retraining interventions











Thank You



Questions